

TEAM 2

Challenge Card #2 – HR Processes



Problem – what is visible today?

Employees, candidates and managers often do not understand how HR or Recruiting service processes work, why certain steps are needed, who is responsible for the next action, why the process takes time, or when they can expect a response.

Business consequences – why does it matter?

When users do not understand the process, they ask for status updates, escalate issues, expect HR / Recruiting teams to act on their behalf and create pressure for immediate responses.

Main users affected by the problem

- Employees and candidates
- Business managers / hiring managers
- Local HR teams

What is expected from the team?

Understand what users need to feel informed and confident while moving through HR and Recruiting service processes. This challenge is about process clarity, expectations and status understanding – not about redesigning pre-narrow process such as onboarding, documentation or candidate selection.

Important KPI for the business

Clarification / escalation rate – percentage of HR and Recruiting requests that require additional explanation, status clarification or escalation because the user does not understand the process.

Baseline: 38% of HR / Recruiting requests require additional clarification or escalation.

Target: 23% of requests require clarification or escalation – decrease by **15 percentage points**, which means a **39% relative reduction**.

Working challenge

How might we improve the HR and Recruiting service experience for employees, candidates, business managers and hiring managers so that they understand where they are in the process, what is expected from them and why each step is needed, while HR / Recruiting teams can reduce repeated explanations and escalations?

Map stakeholders for your challenge

Use your challenge card and list all people or groups connected with the process.

Place them on the map based on:

Interest — how much they care about the problem or are affected by it.

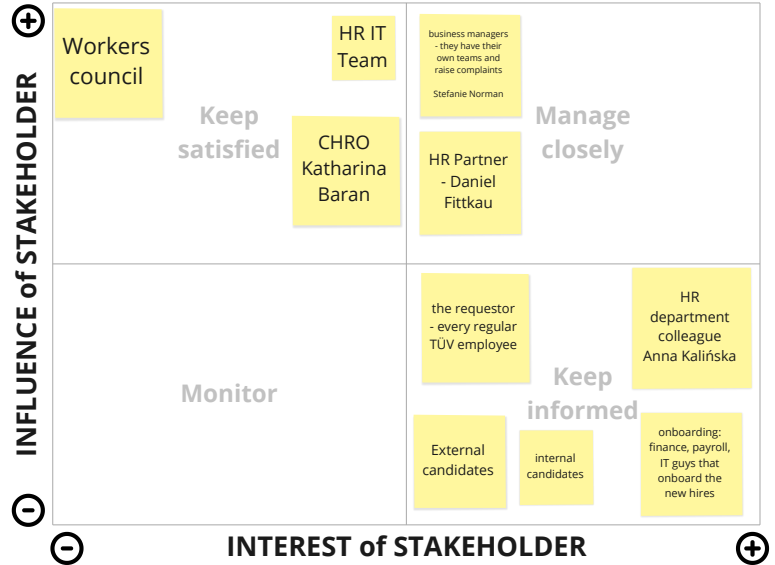
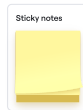
Influence — how much they can affect the process, decision or implementation.

Map four groups:

- **High interest / high influence**
Key stakeholders. Talk to them early and involve them closely.
- **High interest / low influence**
Main users or affected groups. Important for empathy interviews.
- **Low interest / high influence**
Potential blockers or decision-makers. They may not feel the problem, but can stop or enable change.
- **Low interest / low influence**
People to monitor. They may be less important for interviews now.

Output

Select **2–3 people or groups** you would interview first in the empathy phase.



TASK – DESIGN AN INTERVIEW

1. Use the stakeholder map from the previous exercise.
2. Choose one group to interview — preferably users.
3. Discuss:
 - What hypotheses do we have about the source of the problem?
 - What do we want to learn?
 - Which questions could reveal valuable and non-obvious information?
 - Which questions will help us learn stories, facts and real experiences?
 - Which question could reveal the "faster horse" — what users think they want?
 - What would be useful to see or experience first-hand?
4. Output: Brainstorm questions, then turn them into one coherent interview guide.



EXAMPLE QUESTIONS

- Tell me about the last situation when...
- What was difficult?
- Why was it difficult?
- How did you feel at that moment?
- How often does this problem happen?
- How do you deal with it today?
- What have you already tried?
- Why was the current solution not good enough?
- How much time or effort does it cost you?
- Where do you look for information or support?
- What keywords would you use to search for this topic?



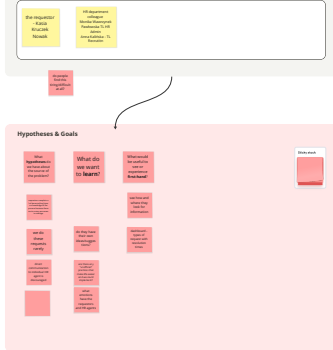
HOW TO CONDUCT A INTERVIEW?

- Ask open-ended questions.
- Encourage stories.
- Do not suggest the answer in the question.
- Go deeper using the "5 Whys" method.
- Make the interviewee feel comfortable.
- Document answers: recording, notes or an AI note-taker.
- If possible, ask the person to show the problem and its consequences.



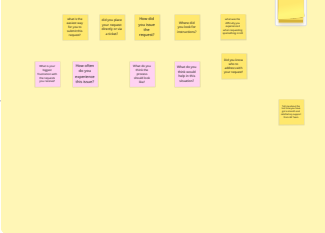
Choosing the Interview Group

Go back to the stakeholder map from the previous exercise. Choose one group — preferably users. Note who, why, and how many people.



Stories & Experiences

"Tell me about the last time..."



Non-obvious & Deep

"What if...? Why specifically...?"



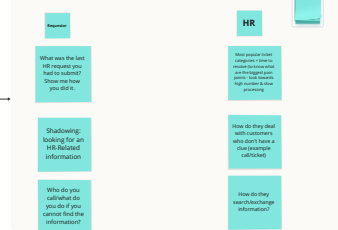
'Faster Horse'

What users think they want — vs. what they really need?



Observation & Experience

What do we want to see live? What will we ask the interviewee to show or demonstrate?



Stories & Experiences

'Tell me about the last time...'

what is the
easiest way
for you to
submit this
request?

did you place
your request
directly or via
a ticket?

How did
you issue
the
request?

Where did
you look for
instructions?

what was the
difficulty you
experienced
when requesting
spomething in HR

Sticky stack



What is your
biggest
frustration with
the requests
you receive?

How often
do you
experience
this issue?

What do you
think the
process
should look
like?

What do you
think would
help in this
situation?

Did you know
who to
address with
your request?

Tell me about the
last time you have
got a smooth and
satisfactory support
from HR Team

Non-obvious & Deep

'What if...','Why specifically...'

What if there was a
all-day hotline or
chat so that the
requestors could
ask questions
directly?

What are the daily
tasks of HR agents
that bother them
besides of
answering tickets?

what specifically
is the hardest
experience when
requesting
support from HR?

what specifically
is the hardest
experience when
solving tickets as
HR agent?



Choosing the Interview Group

Go back to the stakeholder map from the previous exercise. Choose one group — preferably users. Note who, why, and how many people.

the requestor
- Kasia
Kruczek
Nowak

HR department
colleague
Monika Wawrzynek
Pawłowska TL HR
Admin
Anna Kalińska - TL
Recrutitn

do people
find this
tiring/difficult

'Faster Horse'

What users think they want — vs. what they really need?

what's
working
and what
isn't

can you work
me through
what a typical
situation feels
like?



eg. what
type of
solution you
dream of? :)

Sticky stack



Rank the factors on a scale
1-5 in terms of
importance: speed of
resolution, direct contact
and keeping you updated,
no additional info
required, short and easy
ticket

Ania

Observation & Experience

What do we want to see live? What will we ask the interviewee to show or demonstrate?

Requestor

What was the last
HR request you
had to submit?
Show me how
you did it.

Shadowing:
looking for an
HR-Related
information

Who do you
call/what do
you do if you
cannot find the
information?

HR

Most popular ticket
categories + time to
resolve (to know what
are the biggest pain
points - look towards
high number & slow
processing)

How do they deal
with customers
who don't have a
clue (example
call/ticket)

How do they
search/exchange
information?

Sticky stack



Hypotheses & Goals

Sticky stack



What **hypotheses** do we have about the source of the problem?

What do we want to **learn**?

What would be useful to see or experience **first-hand**?

requestors complain a lot because they have no knowledge of the process because there are too many processes to manage

see how and where they look for information

we do these requests rarely

do they have their own ideas/suggestions?

dashboard - types of request with resolution times

direct communication to individual HR agent is discouraged

are there any "unofficial" practices that make life easier and we could implement?

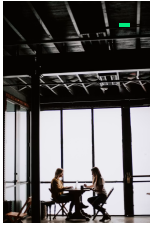
what emotions have the requestors and HR agents



TASK – HOMEWORK FOR EVERYONE

Conduct one simple and short interview.

1. Contact a person from the selected group.
2. Explain that you are participating in a training and need real information for workshop work.
3. You can talk live, meet on Teams, or send the questions by e-mail or chat.
4. Use the questions prepared during the exercise.
5. If possible, ask follow-up questions and capture examples, stories and quotes.
6. Write your answers in Miro using sticky notes. Please use one sticky note for one piece of information. (Tip: You can use Miro's bulk mode to paste table rows and automatically turn them into separate sticky notes.)



CUSTOMER JOURNEY MAP: TASK

Map the current journey connected to your challenge

Work in your team and create a Customer Journey Map for the process your challenge is about.

Steps:

- 1. Start with the stages of the process.
- 2. Review the proposed stage names on the board.
- 3. If you do not agree with them, change the names so they better reflect the real process.
- 4. Add touchpoints for each stage.
- 5. Add user actions — what the user is doing.
- 6. Add pain points — what is difficult, unclear or frustrating.
- 7. Add insights — what patterns, needs or improvement opportunities you see.
- 8. Mark the most important moments that should be improved first.

The goal is not to create a perfect map.

The goal is to understand where the experience breaks and where improvement can create the most value.

HOW TO READ THE JOURNEY MAP

Stages

The main steps of the process, for example: Discovery, Request, Approval, Onboarding, Service Usage. They show the journey from the beginning to the end.

Touchpoints

Where and how the user interacts with the service, system, team or communication channel. Examples: email, service portal, meeting, form, internal communication.

Actions

What the user is doing at each stage.

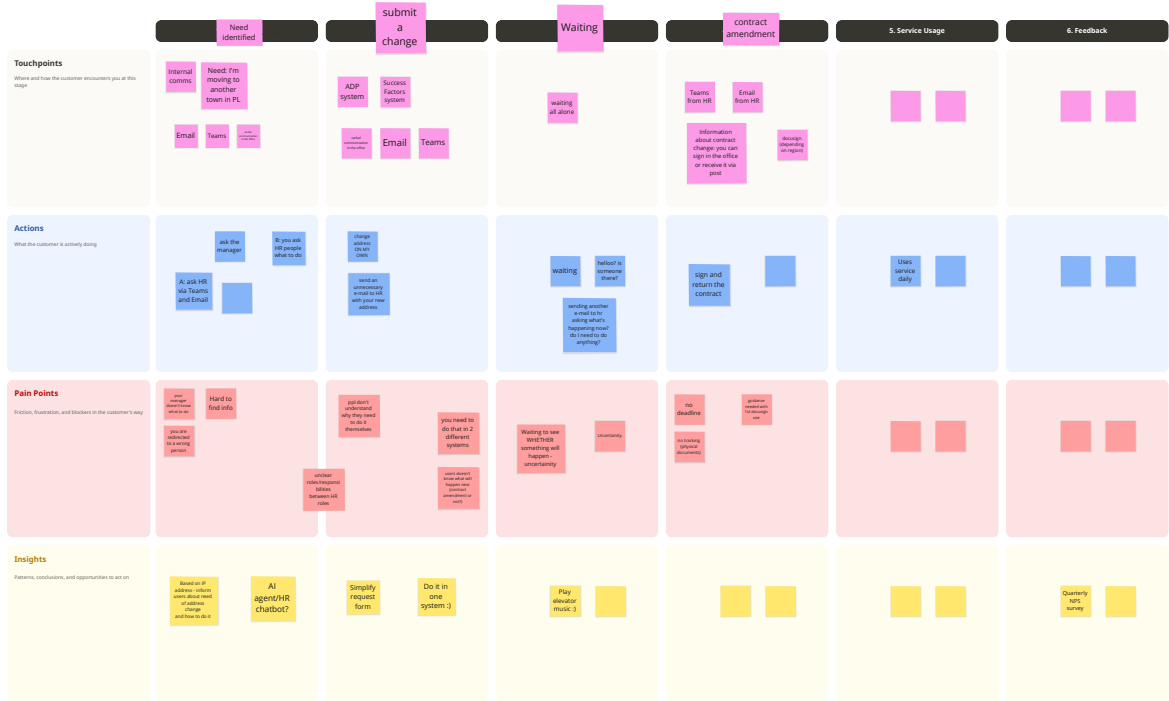
Examples: searching for information, submitting a request, waiting for approval, using the service.

Pain Points

Friction, frustration, confusion, delays or blockers in the user's experience. This is where the process becomes difficult or unclear.

Insights

Patterns, conclusions and improvement opportunities. This row helps us translate observations into decisions about what should be improved.



RULES FOR IDEATION

1. **We stay committed to our challenge from the previous session.**
Keep your focus on the goal we defined earlier. Proactively search for answers to the "How might we?" challenge from the previous session. Build on previous work, stay engaged, and continue making forward progress.
2. **There are no bad ideas — only known hypotheses.**
The more, more abstract or "improbable" the idea feels, the better. Brainstorming often starts outside the comfort zone.
3. **Free generation, then analysis.**
Do not judge, comment, or analyze ideas while we are creating them. Evaluation will come later.
4. **No specific, narrow topics.**
If an idea sounds too broad, repeat concepts. A good idea should explore what, for whom and how.
5. **Brainstorming is a starting point, not the end.**
Think loud and be further creative. The questions: how might we personalize this best?
6. **Look for inspiration everywhere.**
Our examples from other industries, technologies, services, startups and unexpected contexts. Innovation often comes from combining distant worlds.
7. **Speed matters.**
We will work in short rounds with time boxes. This process helps us avoid overthinking and generate more ideas.
8. **Support others and yourself — leave your inner critic outside.**
Encourage each other, build on ideas, and create a safe space for unique inspiration. Your inner critic can not out-think the best — we will invite it back later, during evaluation.

10X THINKING

Most organizations try to make their products, services or processes 10% better.
They optimize what already exists.
They improve the current process.
They fix immediate pains.
But 10% thinking often helps us make the right breakthroughs.

10x thinking means asking a different question.
Not "How can we improve this a little?"
But "How could we make this 10 times better, faster, cheaper or more valuable for the user?"

10x ideas may feel unrealistic at first — and that is the point.

This forces us to:

- challenge our mission,
- question our assumptions,
- look beyond existing processes,
- leverage a radically better experience,
- search for new ways to create value.

In this exercise, we will use 10x thinking to push our ideas beyond obvious improvements.



SILENT IDEA GENERATION

You have 15 minutes to generate as many ideas as possible individually and silently.

You have 15 minutes.

Work with your partner "How might we..." challenge and follow the facilitator's instructions.

Instructions:

1. **Read your "How might we..." challenge carefully.**
Read with your understanding what products you are generating ideas for.
2. **Build off your team efforts.**
Write down every idea that comes to your mind — including obvious but strange, immediate, the simple or even "banned" ideas (cheap, quality issues).
3. **Write your ideas quickly.**
Do not write only the abstract stuff.
For example, "better communication" is too abstract.
Describe what could actually be done, for whom and how.

After 15 minutes, I will give you additional inspiration to help you push your ideas further.



GROUP BRAINSTORMING

You have 15 minutes to generate your ideas and build on them as a team.

You have 15 minutes.

This is not a presentation.
This is not a decision-making moment.
This is not a session for approval.

Instructions:

1. **Read your ideas to the group.**
Briefly explain what you wrote, but do not try to defend or "sell" your ideas.
2. **Listen to others with curiosity.**
Do not judge, evaluate or discuss whether the idea is a liability yet.
3. **Build on each other's ideas.**
Use other people's ideas as inspiration for your own ideas.
4. **Overcome the ideas.**
Ask yourself: "What would this idea look like if it was 10 times better, faster, cheaper or more valuable for the user, and how could it improve my life by 10x?"
5. **Build new ideas in the round.**
Keep writing. Every new idea should become a separate sticky note.

Best: create more, stronger and bolder ideas than any one person could generate alone.



Copy at

10x recap:
How might we remove the need for employees to understand, search for or manually submit HR change requests by creating a system that detects, prepares and routes the right change automatically?

Questions



TASK: ANALYSE IDEAS ON THE MATRIX

Use the idea evaluation matrix on the Miro board.

Place each idea on the matrix according to two criteria:

Vertical axis:

Impact on solving the problem and improving KPIs

Horizontal axis:

Impact on user experience

Instructions:

1. Read all ideas generated by your team.
2. Discuss what each idea could change for the user and for the organization.
3. Place each idea on the matrix.
4. Look for ideas with the strongest combined potential:
 - o high impact on the problem and KPIs,
 - o high impact on user experience.
5. Select **2 ideas** that your team wants to develop further.

Output:

2 selected ideas with the highest potential for prototyping and testing.

Challenge Card #2 – HR Processes



Problems — what is visible today?
Employees, candidates and managers often do not understand how HR or Recruiting service processes work; why certain steps are needed, who is responsible for the next action, why the process takes time, or where they can expect a response.

Business consequences — why does it matter?
When users do not understand the process, they ask for status updates, escalate issues, expect HR / Recruiting teams to act on their behalf and create pressure for immediate responses.

Main users affected by the problem

- Employees and candidates
- Business managers / hiring managers
- Local HR teams

What is expected from the bears?

Understand what users need to feel informed and confident while moving through HR and Recruiting service processes. This challenge is about process clarity, expectations and status understanding — not about redesigning one narrow process such as onboarding, documentation or candidate selection.

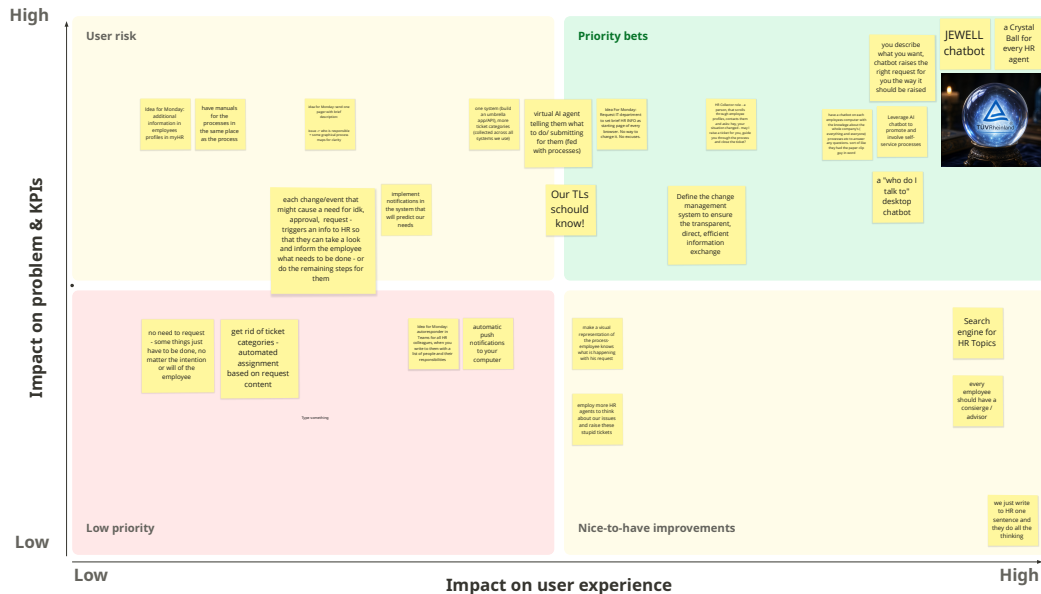
Clarification/escalation rate — percentage of HR and Recruiting requests that require additional explanation, status clarification or escalation because the user does not understand the process.

Baseline: 35% of 141 / Recruiting requests require additional clarification or escalation

Target: 23% of requests require clarification or escalation — decrease by 75 percentage points, which means a 38% relative reduction

Working challenge

How might we improve the HR and recruiting service experience for employees, candidates, business managers and hiring managers so that they understand where they are in the process, what is expected from them and why each step is needed, while HR / Recruiting teams can reduce repeated explanations and escalations?

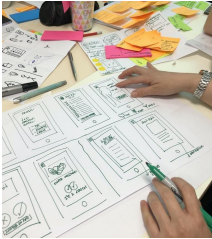


TEST YOUR PROTOTYPE

Test your prototype or MVP with a user from another team to check if your Test Card experiment gives useful evidence about your hypothesis.

What to do:

- 1. Set the context**
 - Who is the user?
 - What problem does the prototype solve?
 - What hypothesis and success criteria are you testing?
- 2. Give a task (don't explain too much)**
 - Ask the user to complete a realistic scenario
 - Let them interact naturally with little guidance
- 3. Observe carefully**
 - What is clear vs confusing?
 - Where do they hesitate?
 - What questions or reactions appear?
 - What do they do differently than expected?
- 4. Ask for feedback**
 - What worked / didn't work?
 - What was unclear or missing?
 - What would improve it?
 - Did you meet your success criteria?
- 5. Draw conclusions**
 - What to keep, improve or change?
 - What did you learn about your hypothesis?
 - Continue, adjust or stop?



chat
doesn't
make
things up

"2nd line
support" was
required at
times

enables
trust

it sometimes
responds in
polish,
sometimes in
English

the
responses
are concise

would need a
good
marketing and
redirect to a
specific person

responses
are
generated
very slowly

more user-
friendly
interface

Design an experiment for your selected idea

Use the **Test Card** to turn your selected idea into a simple experiment.

Your goal is to decide **which key hypothesis should be tested first** and how you can verify it in the most reliable way during the next session.

Your conditions

- In the next session, you will have:
- 1 hour to build a simple prototype, MVP or test material
- All need 1 leader from another team to test it with

Be creative with the prototype

- Your prototype does not have to be built only in Miro.
- You can use any format that helps you test the hypothesis, for example:
- a clickable mock-up, a process chart, a simple form, a storyboard, a landing page, a service script, an email/message draft, a dashboard mock-up, a role-play, or even a very simple MVP.
- The prototype only needs to be good enough to help someone start, understand, use or evaluate the idea.

Design an experiment for your selected idea

Complete the Test Card

- Select idea...**
Write the most likely hypothesis behind your idea.
- To verify that, we will...**
Describe the smallest prototype, MVP or experiment you can prepare in 1 hour.
- And measure...**
Define what you will observe, ask or count during the test.
- We are right if...**
Define the outcome result that will tell you the idea is worth validating.

What can we test quickly that will give us the strongest evidence for making a decision?

Test Card	HR Request
Test Name	
Assigned to	
Due Date	
Test Hypothesis	
To verify that, we will...	
And measure...	
We are right if...	



Test Card	Strategyzer
Test Name	Test Name
Assigned to	Assigned to
Due Date	Due Date
Test Hypothesis	Test Hypothesis
To verify that, we will...	To verify that, we will...
And measure...	And measure...
We are right if...	We are right if...



Step 1: Hypothesis — We believe that...

Providing requestors with an AI bot that guides them through the process and answers repetitive questions will:

- reduce the time needed to achieve the expected outcome by **30%**,
- reduce manual interventions from the support team by **10%**,
- increase requester satisfaction by **2%**.

Step 2: Test — To verify that, we will...

Develop a simple AI bot (Power automate / Jewell) that helps requestors solve one or more selected, frequently occurring problems.

For the workshop, I recommend creating a detailed prompt for ChatGPT or another AI tool, instructing it to act as the bot. You can provide it with relevant procedures, knowledge materials, examples and other data needed to guide the requester.

The test can be conducted through MS Teams:

- The requester communicates with the testing team via Teams.
- The team copies the requester's messages into the AI bot.
- The bot's responses are copied back to the requester.

This simple setup will allow you to simulate the experience without building a technical integration. The objective is to observe how the bot works in practice and whether it helps users achieve the expected outcome independently.

Step 3: Metric — And measure...

We will measure:

- Time to outcome:** the time from the requester's first contact until the issue is successfully resolved. We will use tool statistics, if available, or measure it manually.
- Manual interventions:** the percentage of cases that require help from the support team. We will compare the current percentage of tickets requiring manual support with the percentage among users testing the bot.
- Requester satisfaction:** several dozen users will assess their satisfaction with the current ticketing process and with completing the same or a comparable task using the bot. We will then compare the results.

Step 4: Criteria — We are right if...

- Time to outcome is reduced by at least **30%**,
- Manual interventions are reduced by at least **10%**,
- Requester satisfaction increases by at least **2%**.

For a reliable comparison, both groups should complete the same or very similar tasks, and satisfaction should be measured using the same scale.

PROMPT

Role:

Act as an HR specialist with extensive knowledge of TÜV Rheinland's policies, procedures, and general HR best practices. You are an expert in providing accurate, clear, and employee-friendly answers to HR-related questions.

Task:

Your task is to assist TÜV Rheinland employees by answering their HR-related questions. You must provide detailed, accurate, and helpful responses tailored to the employee's query. If the question involves specific policies or procedures, explain them clearly and concisely. If the information is unavailable, admit you don't have this information and the requestor should contact local HR department.

Context:

You are assisting employees of TÜV Rheinland, a global organization with diverse teams and operations. Employees may ask about topics such as recruitment, onboarding, benefits, leave policies, workplace guidelines, performance management, career development, employee relations, workplace flexibility, diversity and inclusion, legal compliance, and employee support programs. Your responses must align with general HR practices and TÜV Rheinland's organizational standards.

Examples of Results:

Question: "How many vacation days am I entitled to per year?"

Answer: "At TÜV Rheinland, employees are entitled to [X] vacation days per year, as outlined in the company's leave policy. If you need further clarification, you can check the HR portal or contact your HR representative."

Question: "What is the process for applying for parental leave?"

Answer: "To apply for parental leave, you need to submit a formal request through the HR portal at least [X weeks] in advance. Ensure you attach the required documentation, such as a medical certificate or proof of eligibility. For more details, refer to the parental leave section in the employee handbook."

Question: "Who do I contact if I experience workplace harassment?"

Answer: "If you experience workplace harassment, you should report it immediately to your HR representative or use the confidential reporting system available on the HR portal. TÜV Rheinland has a zero-tolerance policy for harassment and will ensure your concerns are addressed promptly and confidentially."

Instructions:

Always provide clear, concise, and professional answers.

Use employee-friendly language and avoid technical jargon unless necessary.

If a question is outside your scope, direct the employee to the appropriate resource or contact.

Ensure that your responses are unbiased and adhere to TÜV Rheinland's values and policies.

When applicable, include step-by-step instructions or links to relevant resources.

Format of Results:

Provide answers in a conversational tone.

Use bullet points or numbered lists for step-by-step instructions.

Include links to resources or contact information when relevant.

Keep responses concise but detailed enough to address the question fully.

If the information is unavailable, admit you don't have this information and the requestor should contact local HR department.

Your responses must be maximum 120 words long.

Your responses must be solely based on attached instructions. In case you cannot find the answer in attached instructions, state it clearly and ask requestor to contact local HR department.

Option 1: Channel Agent

A Channel Agent can be created directly inside a Teams channel.

Users ask questions by mentioning it:

@HR Support How can I submit a request to change an employee's personal data?

The agent can use information from:

- messages posted in its channel,
- meeting transcripts and approved summaries,
- the channel's Planner board,
- web search, if enabled by the organization.

To add it:

- Open the relevant Teams channel.
- Select **Open agents and bots**.
- Find **Channel Agent** and select **Add**.
- Users can then ask questions by @mentioning the agent.

Channel Agent is currently in public preview. To create and interact with it, users need a Microsoft 365 Copilot subscription, membership in the relevant channel and access enabled by the IT administrator. It cannot answer questions in conversations containing external users. [Microsoft: Channel Agent requirements](#)

Option 2: Custom agent for the experiment

For this experiment, a custom agent may be more suitable. You could create it in SharePoint or Copilot Studio and provide it with:

- a specific role and instructions,
- HR procedures and supporting materials,
- examples of typical requests,
- a structured process for guiding requestors,
- rules defining when human support is required.

The agent can then be added to the selected Teams channel. Users interact with it by writing, for example:

@HR Request Assistant I need to change my bank account details. What should I do?

Microsoft supports adding custom SharePoint agents to Teams channels and using them through @mentions. The agent only uses information that the individual user is permitted to access. [Microsoft: Share a SharePoint agent in Teams](#)

Recommended test setup

- Teams channel: **HR Request Support**
- Custom agent with instructions and relevant HR knowledge
- Requester asks a question using @HR Request Assistant
- Agent guides the requester toward resolving the issue
- The requester can select or write "I need human support"
- The team measures completion time and the number of human interventions

One important limitation: standard Teams agents normally respond only when explicitly @mentioned. If the agent needs to monitor every channel message and respond automatically, a more technical custom Teams bot, appropriate message permissions and probably IT involvement would be required.

For the workshop, I would still prepare the **Wizard of Oz simulation as a backup**, because access to agent creation may be restricted by TÜV's licenses or IT policies.

